Risk	Stratogic Pick	Strategic Risk Consequence		RAG			Risk Action Owner	
Area	Strategic Nisk	Consequence	Summary of Controls	L (1-5)	l (1-5)	СОТ	OPCC	
National Policy changes	Failure to recognise and adapt to the national Transforming Rehabilitation agenda.	Loss of public confidence in the Criminal Justice System (CJS).  Increased re-offending rates.  More complex and difficult to deal with issues in respect of re-offending being more difficult for providers to find sustainable solutions e.g. mental health, drug and alcohol dependency.  Challenges with working in a new partnership arena.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Ongoing engagement with LCJB.</li> <li>Effective engagement and partnership working with prospective providers.</li> <li>Future developments in the Transforming Rehabilitation agenda are monitored.</li> <li>National lobbying and contributing towards the debate.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Regular meetings between the ACC and Probation Service to progress integrated offender management.</li> </ul>	2	3	ACC Keenen	PCC / CHX / OPCC	
Compliance	2) Failure to produce an acceptable Police and Crime Plan.	Government intervention.  Loss of public confidence.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Strategic Assessment planning processes.</li> <li>Public consultation.</li> <li>Dedicated resources in Corporate Development and OPCC.</li> <li>Strategic Management Board.</li> <li>Monthly Department / Area Command Performance meetings with Chief Officer</li> </ul>	2	4	ACC Farrell	PCC / CHX	
Legal Con	3) Failure to deliver against targets set out in the Police and Crime Plan.	Increased crime rates.  Failure to target resources towards changing performance and crime trends.	Team (COT).  Annual review of the Chief Constable's Delivery Plan.  Quarterly Chief Officer Performance review meetings.  Additional controls  No further controls required at this stage.	2	4	DCC Ashman	PCC / CHX	

	4) The Force/OPCC fails to follow relevant laws, regulations, business rules and ethical codes.	Litigation, legal action against the organisation or an individual leading to prosecution.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>An established and suitably resourced Legal Services Department.</li> <li>Corporate governance documents.</li> <li>PCC Schedule of delegations.</li> <li>Organisational scanning.</li> <li>Internal audit.</li> <li>External inspection (HMIC).</li> <li>The Police Code of Ethics has been delivered across the force.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>PSD is to carry out meetings with Area Command and Department SMTs to discuss the Code of Ethics and how well it has been embedded.</li> </ul>	2 4	Chief Constable	CHX / OPCC
	5) Detrimental changes to the full implementation of the funding formula – reduced funding.	Significant reduction in available finances impacting on the ability to provide front-line services.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Financial strategies, including Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), Value for Money profiles and Police Objective Analysis Profiles.</li> <li>Regular financial monitoring through Executive Board and OPCC Business</li> </ul>	2 5	ACO McCardle /CFO	CHX / CFO
Financial	6) Failure to deliver planned cost reductions.	Impact on service provision, with less flexibility to innovate and provide front-line services.	<ul> <li>Meeting.</li> <li>Internal Audit and OPCC scrutiny.</li> <li>Briefings have been submitted (via OPCC) to two Members of Parliament to raise awareness of the force position.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	2 4	ACO McCardle /CFO	CHX / CFO
	7) Failure to successfully transfer banking providers by the 1st April 2015.	Limited or no financial services available.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Northumbria Police is a named party to a new banking contract which is being led by Gateshead Metropolitan Council.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Banking arrangements have been agreed with Barclays, and the transfer of</li> </ul>	1 2	ACO McCardle	CHX / CFO

## Northumbria Police and PCC Joint Strategic Risk Register

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			funds will occur on 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2015.				
	8) Major ICT/ Telecommunications systems failure.	Potential for temporary loss of key services (PND, 999, NPICCs).		2	3	ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
	9) Prolonged industrial action by key members of staff.		Existing controls  Business Continuity Plans.  Estates Strategies.  ICT Strategy.  Capital Programme.  Control Room staffing mix (officers/staff).  Comprehensive Flood Plans.  Ongoing support with Local Resilience Forum (LRF)  Force fuel reserves are maintained.  BT review of 999 services.  'Uninterrupted Power Supply' boxes fitted to key computers.  Volunteer flu vaccination (Comms).  Health & Well-being Program.	1	2	ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
	10) Prolonged industrial action by key external organisations (transport, teachers, fire service).	Reduced staffing and service provision across some or all business areas.  Reduced services across some or all business areas.  Reduced staffing and service provision across some or all business areas.		2	2	ACC Farrell	CHX / OPCC
Continuity	11) Prolonged fuel shortages.			2	2	ACC Farrell	CHX / OPCC
Business Cont	12) Power failure at key sites.			2	3	ACC Farrell / ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
Busi	13) Major disruption to use of key buildings / facilities.			2	3	ACC Farrell / ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
	14) Pandemic outbreak.		<ul> <li>Modernisation of the NPICCS system as part of Street to Strategic (S2S).</li> <li>New information management platform.</li> </ul>	2	4	ACC Farrell / ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
	15) Severe weather.			3	4	DCC Ashman	CHX / OPCC

	16) Employment of corrupt Officers/Staff.	Resulting in an abuse of power, fraud or theft etc.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Counter Corruption Strategy.</li> <li>Vetting process.</li> <li>CC/PCC Oversight arrangements.</li> <li>Monthly analysis of complaints, addressing any emerging issues with Area Commands/Departments.</li> </ul>	1 4	ACC Keenen	PCC / CHX
ie Ie	17) Ineffective complaints processes.	Resulting in poor levels of service and increased public dissatisfaction.	<ul> <li>Complaints Triage, ensuring all complaints are administered, monitored and managed by the appropriate staff and in a timely manner.</li> <li>Implementation of the Code of Ethics for all police officers.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>A comprehensive review is being carried out on the management of complaints from receipt through to quality assurance.</li> </ul>	2 3	ACC Keenen	PCC / CHX
People	18) Assault on or injury to Police Officer / Staff.	Negative impact on employees.  Litigation, legal action and/or prosecution against the Force and/ or individual officers.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Effective training (self defence, first aid, Dynamic Risk Assessment National Decision Model (NDM).</li> <li>Protective Clothing and Equipment.</li> <li>Safe Patrolling Policy.</li> <li>Health and Safety investigations and the review of critical incidents, including lessons learned cascaded to staff.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Data is to be provided to Self Defence Training on officer assault and injuries and changing trends. Self defence training will then be enhances to help reduce instances of police assaults.</li> <li>Information on those officers who are repeatedly assaulted will help instigate appropriate development/training.</li> </ul>	3 2	DCC Ashman	N/A

## Northumbria Police and PCC Joint Strategic Risk Register

APPENDIX A	Α
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	19) Failure to maintain ongoing recruitment of police officers.	Failure to keep front line policing up to policy commitments.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Executive Business Meeting.</li> <li>PCC Business Meeting.</li> <li>CC/PCC Monitoring Meetings.</li> <li>A recruitment plan has been agreed as part of the MTFS.</li> <li>Officer recruitment process commenced in November.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	1 3	ACO McCardle	PCC
Safety	20) Serious accident/ death due to a breach of Health and Safety (H&S).	Litigation logal action and/or	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>H&amp;S Management system.</li> <li>Risk Assessments.</li> <li>Safety checks.</li> <li>Completion of RoSPA safety audits to ensure compliance with H&amp;S requirements.</li> <li>Role specific training</li> </ul>	2 5	ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
Health & Saf	21) Death in custody / after police contact.	Litigation, legal action and/ or prosecution against the force and/or individual officers.  Negative impact on employees.	<ul> <li>Role specific training.</li> <li>Critical Incident Review Process ensures lessons learned are identified and embedded.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Ongoing implementation of HIMIC Custody Inspection recommendations.</li> <li>Custody health care provision is in progress and will be implemented in April 2015</li> </ul>	2 5	ACC Farrell	PCC

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**APPENDIX A** 

Partnerships	22) Reduction in partnership services due to financial constraints and a lack of integrated planning.	Gaps in the Forces ability to reduce and prevent crime and anti-social behaviour (ASB).  Reduced ability to identify and respond to local priorities.  Fewer crime prevention schemes.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Effective partnership governance arrangements and joint partnership plans, which include clear roles, responsibilities and exit strategies.</li> <li>PCC and Force funding bids (Innovation and Competed fund etc)</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>A new round of PCC and Force funding bids (Innovation and Competed fund etc) are to be submitted by the end of December.</li> </ul>	3 3	DCC Ashman	CHX / OPCC
Partn	23) Failure to maximise the potential impact of LCJB.	Uncoordinated criminal justice programmes.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>LCJB meetings with a formalised agenda are held with criminal justice partners.</li> <li>Formal Terms of Reference (ToR) have been agreed by all members.</li> <li>A formal performance management framework has been developed.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	2 3	ACC Keenen	PCC

Equality	24) The force, OPCC or an associated individual acts in a discriminatory way.	Litigation, legal action against the force/OPCC leading to prosecution.  Inequality of service delivery across discriminated groups.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Delivery of Joint Equality Objectives, including;</li> <li>The monitoring and analysis of protected characteristic data.</li> <li>Equality Impact Assessments (EIA).</li> <li>Force Equality Board Meetings.</li> <li>OPCC Advisory Group Meetings.</li> <li>EIA refresher training has been delivered.</li> <li>Force-wide Diversity and Equality awareness raising/ publicity.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Conduct an assessment against the College of Policing Equality Improvement Model, once established.</li> <li>A review of high risk policies and procedures and associated EIAs (Custody, PVP, etc).</li> <li>External organisational staff surveys (Stonewall Workplace Equality Index)</li> </ul>	1 3	ACO McCardle	PCC / CHX / OPCC
lanagement and Security	25) The loss or inappropriate disclosure of sensitive data.	Breach of the Data Protection Act.  Litigation, legal action against the force/OPCC leading to prosecution.  Places individuals at risk, making	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>Information Security Audit/ Review and Advisory Group.</li> <li>Implementation of the Information Security Review recommendations.</li> <li>Staff training.</li> <li>Critical Incident Review Board (CIRB) ensures lessons learned are identified and embedded (including national lessons learned and external inspection findings).</li> <li>Post incident SIRO review and response.</li> </ul> Additional controls	1 3	DCC Ashman	CHX / OPCC
Information Management	26) Security breach.	them more vulnerable.  Corruption or loss of Force systems.	<ul> <li>A Storage Working Group has been convened to look at a wide range of options to address the management, transfer and disposal of paper based records in light of existing/ future estates moves and building closures.</li> <li>The Working Group links into an Estates Group which are scoping storage costs</li> </ul>	1 4	DCC Ashman	N/A

	27) Significant Cyber attack on Force systems.	Corruption or loss of Force systems.  Disclosure of sensitive information.	<ul> <li>Existing controls</li> <li>A number of technologies are in place to protect data from external attack (e.g. fire walls).</li> <li>Intrusion Detection Systems and Intrusion Protection Systems allow unusual activity directed towards the force to be identified and logged for analysis.</li> <li>Penetration tests, undertaken each year, demonstrate the force's capability to withstand attacks and safeguard its data and systems.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	2 4	ACO McCarldle	N/A
တ္	28) Failure to dispose of HQ site in a timely manner.	Unnecessary maintenance, security or loss, or damage to property / physical assets leading to increased costs'.  Loss of capital receipt.	<ul> <li>Existing Controls</li> <li>Robust Estates Strategies.</li> <li>OPCC Joint Business Meetings.</li> <li>Planning permission has been approved subject to section 106 planning obligations.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	2 4	ACO McCardle	CHX / OPCC
Estates	29) Missed opportunity to share buildings/ facilities with local authority partners.	Lost opportunity to reduce costs and/ or improve service access for the public.	<ul> <li>Existing Controls</li> <li>Robust Estates Strategies.</li> <li>On going discussions with Local Authorities.</li> <li>Collaboration strategy.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>Activity is ongoing with the Fire and Rescue Service regarding shared accommodation with agreements already in place (e.g. Bellingham).</li> </ul>	2 3	ACO McCardle	CHX

ce / Perception	30) Loss of Public confidence and/or reputational damage.	Negative public perception.  External intervention.  Drop in performance.	<ul> <li>Existing Controls</li> <li>Serious Case Review procedure.</li> <li>Effective communication strategies.</li> <li>Effective critical Incident policies and procedures.</li> <li>Pro-active press and media strategy.</li> <li>Critical Incident Review process ensures lessons learned are identified and embedded).</li> <li>Service Satisfaction and System and service recovery processes.</li> <li>Complaints Triage, ensuring all complaints are administered, monitored and managed by the appropriate staff and in a timely manner.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	2 5	DCC Ashman	PCC
Public Confidence / Perception	31) Data Integrity	Negative public perception.  External intervention.  Drop in performance.	<ul> <li>Existing Controls</li> <li>COT Performance monitoring.</li> <li>SMB monthly performance meetings.</li> <li>Internal Audit programme.</li> <li>Internal Training programme for all supervisors.</li> <li>Additional controls</li> <li>External Audit</li> </ul>	2 3	DCC Ashman	
	32) Significant and sustained breakdown in the working relationship between PCC and Chief Constable.	Conflict of interests.  Disagreement on priorities.  Negative public perception.  External intervention.  Drop in performance.	<ul> <li>Existing Controls</li> <li>Regular dialogue between PCC and Chief Constable.</li> <li>PCC attendance at SMB meetings.</li> <li>OPCC Joint Business Meetings.</li> <li>Police &amp; Crime Panel.</li> </ul> Additional controls <ul> <li>No further controls required at this stage.</li> </ul>	1 3	Chief Constable	PCC

## **Scoring Guide**

Impact & Likelihood = Risk level						
		Impact				
Likelihood	(1) VERY LOW	(2) LOW	(3) MEDIU M	(4) HIGH	(5) VERY HIGH	
(1) VERY LOW						
(2) LOW						
(3) MEDIUM						
(4) HIGH						
(5) VERY HIGH						
KEY GREEN = Low Risk AMBER = Medium Risk RED = High Risk						